MR. O'ROURKE'S REMOVAL

THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN HIM AND SHORETARY CARLISLE. He Charges Logun Carttele and Others o

His Subordinates with a Completely to Prejudice Mim Before the Secretary. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-Mr. O'Rourke, the retiring Supervising Architect of the Treasury, left here to-day for Newark, N. J., to reparture he made public the correspondence between Secretary Carilale and himself relating

to his removal from office, which it will be seen is somewhat of a spicy character.

Mr. O'Rourks, in a conversation, said that he had no apologies to make for his conduct of the office. He left it in better condition than it had ever been. What demoralization there was in was caused by the action of his subordinates The conspiracy mentioned in his letter to Secre-tary Carlisle, he added, referred to persistent misrepresentations by Mr. Logan Carlisle, Mr. Fleming, and Mr. Kemper, who never lost an opportunity to prejudice the mind of the Secre-tary against him. A delegation of his friends came to Washington to see the Secretary and fix the matter up. He told them that he did not wish them to intercede for him, and that it was now a question as to whether or not he would withdraw his resignation if asked to.
He would only do it under one condition, and that was that the corrupt element in his office should be expelled and that Logan Carlisis should have no authority to make appoint-ments or dismissals in the architect's office without consultation and agreement with him. He stated in conclusion that he was perfectly estimated with his record and was satisfied that time would vindicate his actions.

G'ROURER TO SECRETARY CARLISLE. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17, 1894.
DEAR MR. SECRETARY: I have just received, to my amazement, your request for my resignation, no preasons given.
I beg to remind you of a promise, made to me some months ago, that in case of accusations against me, which I anticipated, you would send for me and give me an opportunity of being heard, before taking any action. I ask now the simple justice of the performance of that promise.

simple justice of the performance of that promise.

I saure you, Mr. Secretary, that I am conscious of no wrong in the administration of this office, but I know that I have made enemies in my endeavor to raise it to a higher plane of processional tone and integrity than it has hitherto occupied in the Troasury Department.

I am well aware of the dishonest, untruthful, and bigoted conspiracy which has persistently worked against me for menths past, and I should have exposed its machinations to you had I the slightest idea it would influence your judgment or your action.

The exposure of it now, in the event of my resignation, will cause a grave public scandal, and I sak, in simple justice to me, to yourself and to the Treasury Department, and to United Niates Senators McPherson and Smith of New Jersey, who did me the honor-to endorse me for this position, to postpone your request for my resignation until I have used the opportunity of being heard. I am, Mr. Secretary, very truly yours. JERRHIAN O'ROURER, Supervising Architect.

MR. CARLISLE'S REPLY. SEPT. 18, 1804.

Mr. Jeremich O'Rourks, Repervising Architect, Treaswry Department.

SIR: Your communication, in which you remind me of a promise, made to you some months ago, that in case accusations should be made against you, and which you say you then anticipated, I would give you a hearing before taking action thereon, is received.

In response, I have the honor to say that the stiton taken by me yesterday was not based upon any specific accusations affecting your personal or official integrity, but was the result principally of my own observations of the want of system and harmony in the administration of your office.

You must be aware of the fact that the situation is constantly growing worse instead of better and that, under these circumstances, the

You must be aware of the fact that the situation is constantly growing worse instead of better, and that, under these circumstances, the good of the public service demands a change, I have reached this conclusion reluctantly, and have wincorely hoped it might be avoided.

In view of your statement that "a dishonest, untruthful, and bigoted conspiracy" had been at work against you for several months, and that, in the event of your resignation, its exposare would cause a grave public scandal, I think you ought to furnish in writing such evidence as you have on this subject. If any conspiracy exists, or has existed, it ought to be exposed, in order that the parties engaged in it may be known and, if connected with this department, properly dealt with. Very respectfully yours.

O'ROURKE'S LETTER OF RESIGNATION. O'ROURKE'S LETTER OF RESIGNATION

O'ROURKE'S LETTER OF RESIGNATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18, 1894.

Bon. J. G. Certists, Secretary of the Treasury.

DEAR Sin: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of this date, and to express my regret at not having a personal conference on the affairs of this office.

I beg now to offer my resignation of a position which I have endeavored, and, I think, with some success, to fill with credit to myself and to the Treasury Department, and to the best interests of the Government, but which, under existing conditions, I have felt for some time I could not continue to hold without a surrender of honor and self-respect, because of the many obstructions persistently placed in the way of an orderly and reputable administration of this important office, mainly by two of my subordinates—men absolutely without technical or artistic knowledge—who, I regret to say, claim to have the special countenance and support of the department.

As one of the comparatively few regularly ed-

partment.

As one of the comparatively few regularly educated and trained architects of our country. with the advantages of over thirty years' pro-fessional practice and experience, it was my earnest desire and intention when I assumed charge of this important office to cievate it to the high standard of professional and artistic excellence for which it possesses all the requi-sites, only wanting development, and had I not been annoyed and hampered by the constant interference of laymen in matters which were essentially professional, technical, and artistic, to the great detriment of system and harmony in administration, I flatter myself I could have developed it so as to shed additional lustre on your administration of the Treasury Depart-ment. With sincere regard, I am, Mr. Secretary, respectfully yours, J. O'ROURKE TO MR. CABLIELE.

O'ROURKE TO MR. CARLIELE.

O'ROUBER TO MR. CARLIBLE.

O'ROUBER TO MR. CARLIBLE.

WASHINGTOR, Sept. 21, 1894.
The How, J. G. Carliste, Secretary of the Treasury;

BIR: I have received your communication of yesterday (Sept. 20, 1894) accepting my resignation as Supervising Architect as of that day, and I have acted in accordance therewith. It is unaccessary, perhaps, for me to add to the correspondence that has passed between us.

I entered upput the office with strong hopes of improving conditions and effecting reforms which were widely admitted as necessary. During the period of my service there has been no abstement of My efforts, and, notwithstanding unexpected obstacles placed in my way, the organization of the office has been greatly improved and its efficiency materially increased.

I am, of course, gratified by your assurance that your action in requesting my resignation "was not based upon any specific accusations affecting your (my) personal or official integrity." At the same time I do not recognise the fact of a "want of system and harmony" in the administration of my office, which you say exists, and of which you are satisfied by your own observation.

I must assume, and I do so assume with entire respect, that your observations must be largely confined to complaints and criticisms originating with two of my subordinates. The want of "harmony" between myself and these gentlemen is unquestionably an actual fact. It does not originate in any cause affecting the good of the public service, in which I would willingly admit that my judgment and salony theirs in administering the affairs of the office.

The duties and the responsibilities of the office were imposed upon me, and I feel that I have not fell fit to be my duty to abandon my own judgment and adopt theirs in administering the sality of the correctness of my views as to the affairs of the office.

The duties and the responsibilities of the office as against those of these gentlemen, who are not only not architects but have had little context with the purely business incide

"the tail to wag the dog," to use a common fliustration.

I am satisfied of the absolute accuracy of the statement made in my note to you of Sept. 17 that these gentlemen have been persistently working against me for several months, and that they have been secretly engaged in a malcious and dishonorable consuracy to projudice you sgainst me and to effect the action which you have finally been induced to take.

When first notified of the success of their machinations, I was naturally smassed and indignant and felt strongly disposed to protect myself against such an outrageous assault. Upon further reflection, however, I have no desire to enter this field of contention. I have the honor to be respectfully yours. J. O'Rounes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-The secret service officers give warning of the circulation of two counterfeit notes recently discovered, one a \$20 national bank note, the other a \$3 silver certifi-colo. The national bank note is on the Fourth National Bank of New York and is dated March
1, 1804. The plates from which it was printed
were captured in Philadelphia Sept. 26, 1867,
and it was believed that no notes had been
struck from it. The silver certificate is of the
series of 1801 and contains a portrait of Grant.
Its maker and three confederates were captured
has Wedtheeday with the plane, present do, but
an amount of the money is known to be in circulation.

SHR WAS MARTILY ACCUSED.

and Mrs. Hall Betained in Prince Upor the Improbable Charge of Kidnepping. Mrs. Mary Hall, the old woman who is charged with kidnapping two-year-old Jennis Cohen, was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court yesterday morning before Police Justice Ryan. plainant, and she made so weak a case against the prisoner that Justice Ryan was unable to convict, but simply remanded her until this

Mrs. Cohen had the old women arrested or the story of an eight-year-old boy. She says she left the child in front of her house, \$1 Bo street, on Thursday morning to play. The little one was placed in a basket, and when she went one was placed in a basket, and when she went out to see if she was all right she found baby, basket, and all gone. She hunted the neighborhood, but could find no trace of Jennie. Finally she met little John King of 90 Rosesveit street, who told her that at 8:30 o'clock he had seen an old woman, wearing a black shawl and a dirty red dress, come along and pick up Jennie and the basket and walk down toward Water street with them. He was immediately taken to the Oak street police station, where he repeated this piece of information to the Sergeant. A detective was sent out on the case, and all the department was notified to keep a lookout for the old woman.

was notified to keep a lookout for the old woman.

A few hours after that the detective found Mrs. Hall coming down Roosevelt street, not a half a block away from Mrs. Cohen's house, and arrested her. The baby was nowhere to be found, and Mrs. Hall was indignant when charged with kidnapping it. Nevertheless ahe was locked up.

On Thursday evening Frank A. Alburger of Long Island City found a little girl standing on the corner of Beckman and Nassau streets crying. When Alburger spoke to the child she sald she was lost. He turned her over to the police, and she was sent to Folice Headquariers. The child proved to be the missing Jennie. Mrs. Cohen was not satisfied with getting her little one back, but deepite the fact that the child herself said she had lost herself, she was still determined to prosecute Mrs. Hall for kidnapping.

determined to prosecute are the plans.

When the case came up yesterday morning Mrs. Hall, who is 70 years old, told a straightforward story, and positively denied baving seen the child. She is an infirm woman, who three weeks ago returned from the almahouse, and it would be a physical impossibility for her to carry a big child like Jennie Cohen in her arms as John King said she did.

WAS THE CHILD ILL-TREATED? Mr. and Mrs. Simpson of Philadelphia Ac-

Jacob Simpson, a telephone agent of Philadelphia, and his wife, Mary, were summoned be fore Justice Hogan in the Jefferson Market Po lies Court yesterday morning on the complaint of the Gerry Scolety for III-treating Mary Mc-Closkey, the 13-year-old daughter of Mrs. Simpson by a former marriage. Simpson came here from Philadelphia about ten days ago and engaged rooms for himself, his wife, and the child at Mrs. Merrell's, 25 and 27 Greenwich

engaged rooms for himself, his wife, and the child at Mrs. Merrell's, 25 and 27 Greenwich avenue. On Sept. 15 Mrs. Simpson and her daughter arrived. The girl, so Mrs. Merrell says, was at once looked up in one of the rooms while the parents went out to supper. She did not get any food that night, and on Sunday the operation was repeated.

"About 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon." said Mrs. Merrell. "I heard the girl screaming out of the window, and, opening the door with my pass key. I found that she had had nothing to eat for over twenty-four hours. I gave her some food, and when her parents came home I gave them a piece of my mind. Last Monday the girl's mother placed her in St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, but she was sent back from there last Thursday by the superintendent, who said that they could not keep her."

The girl told Mrs. Merrell that the officers of the school had beaten and ill-treated her for no cause whatever, so Mrs. Merrell notified Agent Barkley of the Gerry society, in whose care Justice Hogan placed the girl yesterday until an investigation of the case could be made.

The superintendent at St. Elizabeth's said that the charge of ill-treatment was without foundation. "We would not keep the girl," he said, "because she was teaching the younger children things they had no business to know. She told me that she had been on the stage in Philadelphia, and she was forever dancing in an improper way before the children. She cannot read, and she was unwilling to Barn. When I remonstrated with her she tried to run away, so we were forced to send her back."

FIREMAN SMALLEY INSAND. He Fractures the Shoulder of a Friend with

ORANGE, Sept. 22 .- William J. Smalley, for a number of years driver for Hose Company 5 of the East Orange Fire Department, and a recent victim of grip, became insane about 2 o'clock this morning in the hose house of Elmwood Company on Elmwood avenue, East Orange. William H. Fredericks, an intimate friend of his, who lives next door to the hose house, was awakened by the bound of groans in the hose house. He hurried to the building, where he saw Smalley, who was there alone, raving about the place flourishing a revolver. He pluckly tackled the crasy driver and after a hard fight succeeded in getting the weapon away from him. He then left to get his son, so that they might remove Mr. Smalley to some place where he could not do himself any harm. When the father and son returned Mr. Smalley met them with a baseball bat, and before they could get him under control he had delivered a number of with a baseball last and before they could get him under control he had delivered a number of hiows on the elder Mr. Frederick's head and body, fracturing the left shoulder and inflicting a deep gash on the forehead. Smalley then ran to his home and afterward to the East Orange police station, where he insisted upon having protection "from the gang that was after him." He was looked up, and Dr. Chambers ordered that he be removed to the Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane in Newark.

Effect of the Increased Buty on Cut and Polished Diamonds. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The increased tariff on cut and polished diamonds has produced a depressing effect on the Amsterdam market, secording to a report from the American Con-sul at that place, which has just reached the Department of State. For a few weeks previous to the enactment of the new law the business

to the enactment of the new law the business there was very briak, but more recently it has languished. The United States was Amsterdam's largest purchaser, consuming about one-half of the local product.

Under the new duty American patronage is, at least for the present, withdrawn, and the outlook for the Amsterdam manufacturer, broker, and operative is worse than at any time during the past year of great financial depression. Anticipating the advance of duty, some of the New York diamond importers have opened cutting and polishing establishments in New York and Brooklyn, and a few importers have become manufacturers. Since July 1 about one hundred operatives, cutters and polishers, have left Amsterdam, and are now at work in the newly opened shops.

Heavy Bemaud for Small Notes,

Heavy Bemand for Small Notes.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The general but gradual revival of business is making itself felt in the Treasury by the heavy demand for small notes of the denominations of ones and twos. Money of this class is in great demand in the South and Southwest especially, and, while the Treasury is doing its utmost to accommodate all who sak for small money, it cannot always supply all orders as promptly as desired. Preference is given to orders when gold is deposited for small notes, as it is the policy of the Treasury to build up its gold reserve by all legitimate means. In the West gold is being freely deposited for such money as the banks desire, and no delay is experienced in filling all orders promptly. In the West, however, very little money of denominations less than \$5 and \$10 is wanted and this class of money can be readily supplied. For the past six weeks the amount of money cant to the Treasury for redemption has been unusually heavy, averaging since Sept. 1 \$750...

800 Cadate Enrolled at Watt Point.

WARRINGTON, Sept. 22.—A report received at the War Department from the Superintendent the War Department from the Superintendent of the Military Academy shows that 320 cadets were enrolled at the beginning of the academic year. The first, or graduating class, has 53 members, the second 74 members, the third 87, and the fourth 106 members. The leaders in the first three classes are Schulz of West Virginia, Burgess of Mindsaippl, and Gurney of Michigan in the first; E. R. Stuart of West Virginia, Hoffman of Fennsylvania, and Calian of Tennessee in the second, and W. D. Connor of Iowa, Cheney of Connecticut, and Oakes of New York in the third. The standing of members of the fourth class has not been determined. Two cadets, both in the third class, are receiving instruction under joint resolutions of Congress. There are from Salvador and Venomuels.

Altoune's Closed Bank to Resume Business WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-The Second National ank of Altoons, Ps., which was forced to close its doors on the 9th ult. on account of embessio-ment of funds by the absconding cashier, having complied with all the requirements imposed upon it by the Comptroller of the Currency, and its capital stock having been fully restored, has to-day heat permitted to resume business as an active national banking association. It will probably reopen on Munday, or as soon thereafter as the assets can be transferred by the National Bank Examiner to the officers and directions. TO BE DECIDED IN CAUCUS.

THE MANNER OF SUBMITTING THE AMENDMENTS TO THE PEOPLE.

publicano Divided as to Whether The Shall Be Submitted Separately or All Together The Work of the Constitu tional Convention Completed as Far as the Consideration of Amendments in Concorned - Changes Made in the Amend ment Aballahing the Office of Coroner -An Adjournment Until Thursday Next.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—The Republicans of the Constitutional Convention held a caucus this morning and considered the question of the manner of submission of the new amends to the people. There was a wide divergence of submitting the amendments on a blanket balrately, to the plan of submitting the whole to gether, with no chance for choice between them. There was a well-defined sentiment for submit ting the apportionment article separately and the rest together.

When the Convention met this morning Mr.

Acker moved a resolution dispensing with the services of some of the Convention employees and continuing the pay of others. There was much opposition to this, and Mr. McMillan finally moved to strike out all expect that portion continuing the pay. This was adopted.

Mr. Vedder moved that when the Convention adjourn to-day it adjourn until next Thursday

Mr. Bowers opposed this motion, and moved to amend by substituting 10 A. M. Friday. Mr. A. H. Green moved to amend by substituting 11:30 A. M. Thursday.

Mr. Vedder said that 8 o'clock would incon venience nobody, as the Democrats would be through their funeral by that time and would be glad to go into retreat. There might be a little something left to be done so that we could be made ready for final adjournment on Friday. The amendments were lost and Mr. Vedder's

motion was adopted.

Mr. Jesse Johnson moved to take from the table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment abelishing the office of Coroner was passed. It was necessary to make some changes in it.

Mr. Bowers said that Mr. Johnson should explain what his intention was before asking the delegates to vote for his motion. If it was intended merely to correct a typographical error that had crept in through the haste of passing amendments without debate and without rules it was all right; if anything new was to be in serted, the Convention should know it before

Mr. Mulqueen attacked the motion vigorously had Mr. Sullivan of Eric going about all the morning asking how many Republicans were present. He intended to tack on it the ridiculous Home Rule bill. The Convention on the eve of adjournment should not resort to such a

Mr. Johnson explained that the section as it stood provided for the election of Sheriffs, Clerks of counties, the Register and Clerk of New York, and District Attorneys for terms of tion of local and general elections. The minority was still suspicious and insisted that Mr. Johnson should reduce his intention to

writing, and make his motion to reconsider for that purpose. Mr. Johnson did so. "Add 'and for no other purpose,'" cried Mr. Vedder. Mr. Johnson looked surprised and did so.

Mr. Johnson looked surprised and did so.

"That's right; be honest with us for once," said Mr. Vedder.

Mr. Johnson protested vigorously against this language. He was as honest as the gentleman from Brooklyn.

"I think that the gentleman should be given a certificate for honesty by the Convention; only he does not always say what he means," said Mr. Bowers.

Col. Morton came to the rescue of Mr. Johnson. He said that he refused to be bound by any agreement with Mr. Johnson or any other delegate. He regarded it as an insuit to the majority of the Convention that any bargain should be proposed. For himself he would do as he pleased. As for the insults which had been heaped upon Mr. Johnson, it was fortunate for the minority that the Chairman of the Cities Committee was of the disposition and character that he was. "If some of the other delegates had occupied the position." he said, "they would have had their hides on the fence long ago, where they belong."

The vote by which the amendment was passed, was reconsidered, and Mr. Johnson offered an amendment providing that the local officers of New York and Brooklyn shall be chosen for two or for four years, as the Legislature may direct. The amendment more by a vote of 93 to 32. As passed, the smendment reads as follows:

Section 1 of article 10 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1 of article 10 is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Sacrios 1. Sheriffs, cierks, and registers of counties, and district attorneys shall be chosen by the electors

read as follows:
Section 1. Sheriffs, cierks, and registers of counties, and district attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties once in every three years, and as often as vacanicles shall happen, except in the counties of New York and Kings, and in all counties whose boundaries are the same as those of a city where such officers shall be chosen by the electors once in every two or four years, as the Legislature shall direct. Sheriffs shall hold no other office and be ineligible for the next term after the termination of their offices. They may be required by law to the control of the county which is the county shall sever boundaries and in decision of their offices. They may be required by law to the county shall never boundaries of giving exceth new country shall never boundaries of giving exceth new country shall never boundaries of giving to such offices a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defence.

Mr. Cookinham offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of ten to draft an address to the people explanatory of the new Constitution, and that President Choate be its Chairman ex officio.

Mr. Mulqueen moved to amend by providing that the committee be selected wholly from the Republicans. He said that the work of the Convention was directed wholly by a Republican caucus. There had been thirty votes in the caucus against the anti-gambing amendment, yet it had been brought into the Convention and passed. He hoped no Democrat would accept a place on the committee.

Mr. Abbott said that he had voted against the amendment, and his vote was always controlled by the caucus.

"There were not," said Mr. Abbott. "It was never submitted to the caucus.

"There were not," said Mr. Abbott. "It was never submitted to the caucus.

Mr. Boot said that the the resolution be laid.

Mr. Boot said that the the selection of the caucus.

Mr. Boot said that the the selection in the caucus.

Mr. Root said that Mr. Mulqueen's information was incorrect, and could have come from no good source.

Mr. Howers asked that the resolution be laid over until the manner of submitting the amendments had been decided.

Mr. E. R. Brown said that if no Democrat wished to serve on the committee he would not be obliged to do so.

The resolution was adopted.

A resolution was adopted.

A resolution providing for the printing of 30.066 copies of the revised Constitution for the use of the members was adopted.

Mr. Tekulsky offered a resolution recommending to the Legislature the propriety of paying the counsel fees of the travesend delegates.

Adopted.

The Convention then adjourned until next Thursday night at 5 o'clook, all of its work being completed so far as the consideration of amendments is concerned. The Convention will adjorn sine die on Friday next.

Since the Convention reassembled on Thursday last the following additional amendments have been passed:

The Canal Committee's amendment, authorising the Legislature to dispose of the Hamburg Canal in Buffalo.

Mr. Cassidy's, empowering the Legislature to provide for canal improvements.

The home rule article for cities.

Mr. C. H. Truax's, providing that the new Constitution shall take effect on Jan. I, 1886.

Mr. H. A. Clark's, incorporating a civil service provision in the Constitution, veterans being exempted.

Mr. Parker's, regarding the right to construct and maintain necessary drains and diches for agricultural purposes across lands of others, Mr. Marshall's, providing that bank stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their stock.

The Committee on Presembles' anti-gambling amendment.

took. The Committee on Preambles' anti-gambling

The Committee on Freambles and gambling amendment.

Mr. Cochrac's incorporating the main provisions of the military code in the Constitution.

The Convention disposed of all the amendments on the order of third ressing, but left thirty-three amendments in Committee of the Whole, abstracts of which have already been published.

Got Married and Lost Bls Job and Wife. Twenty-year-old Joseph Fleming of 804 Kant avenue, Brooklyn, married a pretty 17-year-old girl a month ago, and the next day he lost his job. Mrs, Fleming returned to the home of har parents, at 90 Sanford street, and yesterday she had her husband in the Lee Avenue Police Court on a charge of abandonment. Both cried in front of the bar—Flutning because he was out of work and his wife because she was married. Justice Steers paroled Fluming for trial, and selvised him to third work and support his wife.

TRINES HE'S A LIPE SAFES. Watter Bunk's Inscally Takes a Pacultus

Up to about two weaks ago Carl Dunk of 79 First street was supjoyed as a waiter at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Since that time he has been out of work, and has been staying around the house. He complained of trouble with his head, caused by worry over his lack of work, and last week began to show signs of mental aberration. His wife and the others in the house say that he had never acted outerly large. that he had never acted queerly before.

Dunk is 31 years old, and years ago, before he left Germany, he belonged to the fire department. He still retains a bugie which he used to blow when he ran with the engine, Lest Wednesday Dunk was sitting in the house, idly muttering to himself, when he heard a fire engine dash through the street. He sprang up ex-

gine dash through the street. He sprang up excitedly and seized his bugle. He began to blow upon it and, rushing through the house, he cried to the people in German:

"Fall in behind me if you want to be saved. The house is on fire and I alone can save you."

Dunk's wife succeeded in quieting him after the engine had passed. The house of the fire company is not far away, and every time the engine was called out Dunk repeated his performance. The tenants of the house paid no attention to him except to sympathize with his wife, until Dunk threatened to enforce his commands upon his supposed fire company by flourishing a loaded revolver which he was in the habit of carrying. Sometimes he varied his fantasy by imagining that he was the General of an army, and he called upon the people to follow him to the relief of his native town in Germany, which he supposed was being besieged.

On Thursday Dunk went out in the back yard and fired his platol at the fence to prove that he was in earnest. Then the other tenants became interested, and early yesterday morning the housekeeper's husband, whose hame is Schillinger, expostolated with Dunk. The waiter spoke rationally, and seemed to realize his condition.

"I am sick," he said, holding his hands to his

dition.

"I am sick." he said, holding his hands to his aching head. "You'd better send me to the hospital."

Schillinger went to the Fifth street police station, and an officer was sent back with him to the house and an ambulance called from Belleyue Hospital. While waiting for the ambulance Dunk conceived the idea that it was his lance Dunk conceived the idea that it was his wife who was crasy.

"It's too bad, dear," he said to her. "This is going to cost me a lot of money I can't afford it, either, when I'm out of work. It's better for you to go, though. You're too crasy to stay here."

Then Dunk burst out crying. When the ambulance arrived he went with the surgeon willingly. An examination as to his sanity will be made at the hospital. His wife thinks he is only temporarily demented.

MR. SCOTT LET GO.

Manager Buly Refuses to Proscents His Charge of Disorderty Conduct. Jefferson Market Police Court was crowded

yesterday morning with theatre ticket specu the outcome of the ejection of James Scott o Beaver Falls from Daly's Theatre on Thursday night because he had a ticket bought from a

Scott bought a reserved seat in the orchestra from James P. Robinson on the street a short distance from the theatre. Since the season at the theatre opened Mr. Daly has employed men to watch the ticket speculators, and to warn all persons buying tickets from them that such tickets would not be accepted at the gate, but that the buyer can get the regulation price of that the buyer can get the regulation price of the ticket refunded at the box office. The spies also warn the gate keeper as to who has bought speculators' tickets. Mr. Scott had paid \$2,50 for his ticket, and would thus have lost 50 can, and he insisted that he had a perfect right to go in on it, and when the gateman refused to admit him he tore off the coupon and forced his way past. He was then tackled by Mr. Daly, his business manager, and Arthur Rehan, brother of Ada Rehan. A scuffle ensued, which resulted in Ma Scott being ejected and arrested for dis-orderly conduct.

in Ma Scott being ejected and arrested for disorderly conduct.

When the case was called in court yesterday
Mr. Rehan appeared for Mr. Daly and said that
the manager wanted to withdraw his complaint.
Justice Hogan then discharged Mr. Scott. The
latter declined to say anything at all about the
affair. It is rumored that the case was called
off by mutual agreement.

The ticket speculators say that Mr. Daly dare
not let a test case come up, and that he quashed
the matter for that reason. They also say that
Mr. Daly, who does not object to having tickets
sold in the hotels, is down on them because they
will not give him a quarter of a dollar for each
ticket they sell.

ticket they sell.

Mr. Scott's real name is J. R. Fenche and he comes from Philadelphia.

SPEECHLESS FROM A BLOW.

Fireman McConeghy Ruptures a Vocal Cord of Bartender Edward Lewis.

Edward Lewis, a bartender in Campbell's sa-Williamsburgh, attended a christening last Sun-Williamsburgh, attended a christening last Sun-day. On his return to the saloon in the evening in a cross-town car, he met Charles McConeghy, a fireman of Truck 6, in Greenpoint. McCon-eghy had his young wife with him. He guyed Lewis about his silk hat, and, when Lewis remonstrated, McConeghy struck him. Lewis ran to the front platform, where McConeghy struck him again. Both were arrested, but were discharged in the Ewen Street Police Court the next day.

On Friday Lewis lost the power of speech, and

On Friday Lewis lost the power of speech, and Dr. Peter Hughes of 275 Berry street, who examined him, discovered that one of his vocal cords had been ruptured by a blow. He will have an operation performed this week and also will obtain a warrant for McConeghy for assault. Lewis is now unable to even whisper.

PRISONER BESIDE THE JUSTICE.

Policeman Kano Serves His Warrant Just After It Is Countersigned. Milton Fuehrer, bookkeeper for William Hurschli's Sons, paper box manufacturers at 429 South Fifth street, Williamsburgh, charged Lucian Waver, of Newtown, L. I., in the Lee Avenue Police Court yesterday with passing a worthless check for \$20 on the firm in payment worthless check for \$20 on the firm in payment for \$15 worth of goods. The warrant for Waver was given to Policeman Kane, who went to Newtown on Friday afternoon and searched in vain for a Police Justice to countersign it.

Kane was finally directed to the new race course at Maspeth, where he found Justice Smith. To Kane's surprise, Waver was sitting near the Justice. After the warrant was countersigned Waver was arregted. He was immediately released on bail. When he was arraigned in court he told Justice Steers that he did not know the check was bad, and offered to make good the amount. He was paroled for trial.

Mr. Bamrosch's Opera Season.

Walter Damrosch's season of Wagner opera at the Metropolitan Opera House will commence on Feb. 25. It will last for four weeks, and will comprise twelve evening performances and four matinées. Mr. Damrosch has signed contracts with Rosa Sucher, Max Alvary, Marie Brems, with Rosa Sucher, Max Alvary, Marie Brems, Nicolaus Rothmuhl, and other well-known artists. The scenery will be furnished by Koutsky Brothers of Vienna, and entirely new costumes are promised. With these artists and the Symphony Orchestra lovers of Wagner's music dramss may find satisfaction. The subscription prices will be settled early in October,

Juanito Manen, the ten-year-old Spanish violinist, who is engaged to appear in this country during the coming season, is at present a great favorite in Barcelona. Barasate, his teacher, predicts that he is the coming Joachim.

Miss Carlotta Desvignes, the contraite, who has been engaged by Walter Damrosch for the Orstorio Society's performance of "The Messiah," will probably arrive on the same steamer with Mme. Melbs, as they are inseparable friends.

It Will Be Hed Hook, Not Redhook, Post

POUGHENERS Sept. 22.—The recent abourd ruling of the Post Office Department at Wash-ington, that the name of the Post Office Red Hook in Dutchess county should be spelled "Red-Hook in Dutchess county should be spelled "Red-hook," has been reversed by Postgnaster-General Bissell, and in the future the name will be spelled in the manner dictated by usage and common sense. This action was taken in response to a petition signed by six of the oldest citisens in Red Hook and sent to Washington. The name Red Hook was formerly "Rood Hook," the appellation applied to it by the sarliest Dutch emigrants, who came up the Hodson after a voyage of great hardship, and upon landing on the hook within the present borders of the town of Hook, found it literally "red" with lunchous wild strawberries. They thanked God for his bounty and bestowed the name "Red Hook" upon the locality, which it has borne ever since.

Miss Payer's Mond Injured in a South Quouve L. I., Sept. 22.—Edward Hallock and Miss Carrie Payse, who keeps house for his brother, accuse each other of high temper. About a month ago they got particularly angry, it is said, and a souffle occurred in which Mins Payne duclared her hand was injured. She afterward wore it in a siling. She also brought anit against Mr. Haliock for 25,000 damages for injury to her hand. This suft has just been actical out of court. On what hasis it was settled in not known. Each of the two accused the other of being the aggressor in the souffle.

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LOCAL BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Alloged Disappearance of the Stock of Lovy Brothers & Pinens. The Sheriff took charge yesterday of the place of business of Levy Brothers & Pincus, whole sale dealers in clothing at 10 Washington place on attachments for \$1,361 in favor of two creditors. The Sheriff said he found only the fixtures and a few samples, all the stock having previously been removed from the store. The partners are Charles C. Levy, Morris Levy, and Charles Pincus. Blumenstiel & Hirsch obtained an attachment against them for \$1,138 in favor of F. Victor & Achebs on the ground that they had disposed of their property. An affidavit of A. C. Brew, who had charge of the credits for F. Victor & Achebs, states that on Sept. 10 he called on Morris Levy, having heard that the firm were going to fail and were sacrificing their goods. Mr. Levy declared they were per-

Friday last, and states that almost all the goods had disappeared.

Emanuel Blumenstiel submitted an affidavit containing an extract of a letter from a Rochester retail clothing dealer, in which it was stated that the firm had offered to sell him goods in August last at 50 cents on the dollar and he had given them an order for \$1,000 worth of

fectly good, able to pay all their debts, and had a

stock of \$10,000. The place was filled with goods then. Edward Wright of the same firm

called at the store of Levy Brothers & Pincus on

that the firm had offered to sell him goods in August last at 50 cents on the dollar and he had given them an order for \$1,000 worth of trousers.

Goldsmith & Doherty obtained an attachment for \$221 in favor of Adler & Cahn. Mr. Cahn in an affidavit states that he called on Levy Bros. & Pincus on Friday and found them very much excited. The place appeared to be completely upside down, and the tables and show racks were almost empty. Their liabilities are not definitely known, but are estimated at \$25,000. Their place of business is on the site of Commodore Vanderblit's old home.

Two attachments have been obtained in this city against Charles Schwenke, baker at 88a Fourth avenue, Brooklyn—one for \$350 in favor of Musagiller & Mangels and the other for \$174 in favor of the Simon Blaut Company. It is alleged that he has disposed of his property and has departed from the State or is keeping himself concealed.

Josquin Liera, shipping and commission merchant at 35 South William street, made an assignment yesterday to Samuel E. Duffy, giving preferences to James E. Ward & Co. for \$1,300; John B. Ginochio, \$2,600; Bank of America, \$1,185; Seventh National Bank, \$1,500, The preference to James E. Ward & Co. is given in writing at \$1,300. Mr. Liera had considerable trade with Cuba and South America, and in recent years made a specialty of railroad supplies and equipment. The liabilities are said to be considerably less than \$50,000.

The Sheriff has received executions for \$4,040 against the Schillinger Fireproof Cement and Asphalf Company, at the foot of East Ninety-first street, in favor of Phillippina Schillinger and the estate of John J. Schillinger, on a note given in 1861 and for unpaid rent of factory. Mr. B. Lewinson, attorney for the company, said that the failure is due to a judgment now under review in the Supreme Court, entered against the company a month ago for \$6,700 by Gabriel & Schall, which destroyed its credit. The total liabilities Mr. Lewinson asid, will not exceed \$35,000, and it is expected that

Gabriel & Schall, which destroyed he create.
The total liabilities, Mr. Lewinson said, will not
exceed \$15,000, and it is expected that every
creditor will be paid in full.

ARRESTED IN COURT.

Abdo Abdelnous, an Armenian, Charges with Smuggling Diamonds and Razors. BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—An arrest was made in the United States District Court this morning by Deputy Marshal Watts. For several days past the sessions of the court have been attended by a swarthy man of distinctly foreign appearance, fairly well dressed, and wearing a straw hat. It was understood that he wearing a straw hat. It was understood that he was attending court in connection with a civil suit in regard to some bonded goods. The man was Abdo Abdeinous, an Armenian, and this morning he was put under arrest and piaced in the dock charged with having smuggled fifty dozen razors and a quantity of diamonds into the United States. It seems that there was a warrant taken out against him in New York and forwarded to the Marshal's office here, as it was known that he was coming to this city to attend the civil suit.

The Rev. Mr. Wilson's Accuser Implicated Three women were arrested in apartments at 286 West Twelfth street on Friday on a charge of being disorderly characters. The evidence was gathered by Special Officer Michaels, who was gathered by Special Officer Michaels, who named Mrs. Mary Murray, one of the three prisoners, as the keeper of the place. When the case was called in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday morning the police were unable to prove this, and Mrs. Murray was let off with a fine. The other women were held for trial.

Mrs. Murray reuts the rooms from Mrs. Gyles of 245 West Seventeenth street, who is suing the Rev. Dr. John A. B. Wilson on account of the references he made to her house in his sermon last Sunday morning at the Eighteenth Street Methodist Church.

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190 BUILDING TRADE EMPLOYERS UNITE IN A LEAGUE.

They Will Assert Their Right to Re-ploy Non-miles Men if They Choose, and Will Fight Unreasonable Strikes. One hundred and twenty firms in various branches of the building trades have formed themselves into the Building Trades Lengue, and are determined to employ such men as they please, whether the men belong to labor unions

A meeting of the league will be held to-mor row evening in Renwick Hall, Eighty-sixth street, near Third avenue, to adopt a constitu-tion and by-laws, to be prepared by a committee Thursday evening. It was at the meeting on Thursday evening that the league was formed. The firms represented at this meeting in-cluded builders, electrical companies, employing painters, electrical companies, employ-ing painters, plumbers, carpenters, and con-tractors generally. Among the more prominent firms represented were the following: August Jacobi Reno, 260 East Seventy-eighth

street; George Hebener, 11 Sutton place; C. A. Grosse, 1,205 Park avenue; William Sawis, 548 East Eighty-seventh street; T. A. Cordier, 453 East Eighty-fifth street; A. Gansemuller, 68 East Ninety-third street; H. E. Edgar, 76 West Ninety-fourth street; James Livingston, 592 Ninety-routin street; James Livingston, or Columbus avenue; James Schwartzler, 1,073 Fifth avenue; George G. Banzer, 1,712 East End avenue; Patrick Prendergast, 155 West Eighty-fourth street; Edward Brow, West Eighty-fourth street; Edward Brow.

2,030 First avenue; F. Gannon, 309 East Ninety-sixth street; Philip Brander, 263 West 118th street; F. J. Snugge, 127 East Ninety-fifth street; A. Gorsch. 1.444 Third avenue; J. P. Leo. 287 Fourth avenue; Louis Worth, 72 West 114th street; Bingham Brothers, 16 East 116th street; Thomas Moloney, 251 West 122d street; John Halahan, M. C. Kerwin, John C. Fowley, Gunnach & Koot, Stephen Ball, James Hartley, Stanhouse & Mcintyre, James Bradley, John Gould, W. G. Thompson, William Saunders, Jacob Hauts, Henry Naman, James Mcintyre, C. W. Bahr, Rosch & Harnett, William Stevens, Smith Brothers, William Kenny, John Piper, and William Lawson.

The dangers to the trades unions were discussed. So incensed were many of the employers at some of the recent strikes, and the bull-dosing spirit shown by the walking delegates of the building trades, that a resolution was actually proposed to the effect that those present should piedge themselves to employ only non-union men or those designated by the trades unions as "scabs."

This was looked upon as unnecessary and as

union men or those designated by the trades unions as "scabs."

This was looked upon as unnecessary and as showing an undignified amount of resentment. The recent strike of the carpenters' union against the "lumping" or sub-contracting system was discussed at length. Many of the men who were ordered out on strike, though employed by sub-contractors, received union wages, but the unions insisted on the men going out unless the original contractors undertook to finish the contracts without the aid of the sub-contractors. tractors.

It was finally decided that any of the contractors present whose men went out on strike against the lumping system should finish the work without discriminating as to whether union or non-union men were employed. It was

work without discriminating as to whether union or non-union men were employed. It was also decided that a stand should be made against the exactions of employese, union or non-union, when they became unreasonable.

J. B. Leo was elected temporary President of the league, and the following were appointed a committee to draw up a constitution and bylaws: F. J. Snugge, Joseph Gordon, C. A. Dubois, P. B. Pugh, A. Schwerer, H. C. Babcock, and John Tife. They will submit the constitution and bylaws to the meeting on Monday.

PUT THEIR MONEY IN THE SAFE The Night Clerk Hasn't Come Back and They Are Out \$500.

If running Coney Island razzle-dazzles and Atlantic City shooting galleries is supposed to make a man "fly." Charles E. Lease and James M. Holmes did not learn their lesson thoroughly. Lease and Holmes, who give their residences as 1,331 Fifth street, N. W., and 74 K street, N. E., Washington, respectively, and who say they have been engaged in occupations of the above description at Atlantic City and Coney Island during the past three or four seasons, went to

during the past three or four seasons, went to Police Headquarters last Thursday, in company with Proprietor Kaata of Hall's Hotel, 100 Park row, and said that they had been robbed of \$520 at the hotel.

They said they registered at the hotel the night preceding and deposited all their money, except a few dollars, amounting to \$520, with the night clerk. The next morning they asked the day clerk for the money. He asked for their receipt. They said they negiected to take a receipt, so were informed that they would have to wait until the night clerk came in, which would be but a short time, to identify them.

which would be but a short time, to identify them.

They waited for several hours and grew impatient. When Proprietor Kaats learned of it, he searched for the missing clerk, and, not finding him, accompanied the men te Headquarters. At Headquarters it was said yesterialy that a detective was on the case, but had not reported. The men declared that Harms, one of the proprietors, was in the office at the time they registered and saw the money deposited, but the hotel people denied this. They said yesterday that when the men proved they had told a straight tale they would be reimbursed for their loss. Lesse and Holmes said they had been in this city but once before. What they have lost is the sarnings of a poor season at Atlantic City, and unless they can recover it they will be penniless, besides losing all they have to show for a hard year.

BILLINGTON OUT ON BAIL.

Justice Tainfor Adjourns the Case in Order to Procure Evidence. Reno R. Billington, who was charged by Mrs. Josephine Wohlrade of 709 Columbus avenue with insulting her while she was riding in an Eighty-fifth street cross-town car on Friday. was arraigned before Justice Taintor in the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning. Mr. Billington spent Friday night in the East Eighty-eighth street police station. Two men,

Eighty-eighth street police station. Two men, unknown to Mr. Billington and Mrs. Wohlrade, went to the station house and said that they were in the same car and observed nothing out of the way in the actions of the prisoner. They would not leave their names.

Yesterday morning Justice Taintor adjourned the case until to-morrow at 2 o'clock, in order that the men and the conductor of the car might be summoned to testify. Billington was released in \$300 ball. Polifeman Shields, who arrested him at the request of Mrs. Wohlrade, said to a sun reporter:

"The car was crowded, and no one but this Mrs. Wohlrade, hand he did not look as if he were crasy."

Billington lives at 04 East Forty-ninth street. He married an estimable young woman about a year ago, and the couple went to Europe on their honey moon. His law offices consist of a suite of rooms on the seventh floor of the Equitable building. He spends a great deal of his spare time at the Windsor Hotel, and he is a member of the Seventh Regiment Veterans Club. A member of the club said yesterday: "I don't think it possible that such charges against Mr. Hillington can be true. I believe it is a case of blackmail."

SHE BOXED THE THIRF'S EARS. Mrs. Jackson's Summary Treatment of a Mon Who Stole Her Pocketbook.

Mrs. Kate Jackson of 681 West 152d street attended a funeral at a church on West Fortieth street yesterday afternoon. When the coffin was being put into the hearse after the service Katie Schwarts, a little girl whom Mrs. Jackson had with her, suddenly exclaimed, "Oh, Mrs. Jackson, he's got your pocketbook," at the same time pointing to John O'Brien of West Farms.

Mrs. Jackson, who is a large, muscular woman, selsed hold of O'Brien, who is young and small, and shook him till his teeth rattled, all the while demanding her purse. Thoroughly cowed, O'Brien took it from an inside pocket and gave it to her, saying apologetically, "I found it on the floor."

"You did, did you?" responded Mrs. Jackson; "now, take that for being a liar as well as a thief," and she slapped him over the head six or seven times. Then, getting into her carriags, she drove off, while Policeman Gorman took the young man to the station house.

In Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday O'Brien was held for trial. had with her, suddenly exclaimed, "Oh, Mrs

The Bullet Went Through His Head, but He Held On,

Easton, Pa., Sept. 22.—At Pen Argyl early this morning Policeman William Hewitt gave chase to a burglar as he emerged from a house, and as the policeman seized him the burglar drew a revolver and shot the officer in the forehead, the ball taking an upward and outward course and passing out two inches back of the forehead. The officer, however, held his prisoner until help responded to his call, and the robber, who refuses to give his name, was locked up.

Shot His Father for Opposing His Marriag Sr. JOSEPH, Sept. 22.—Henry Frost was soon to marry, but yesterday his father threatened to cut him off from the family property, and finally ordered him to quit the premises for good. Young Frest went, but not till be had shot and mortelly wounded his father and endanyored to munder a younger brother, who interfured in behalf of the father. Frost ascaped.



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TWO TINY BURGLARS. Abey and Joe Lippman Caught Robbing & Grocery.

Justice Simms had to rise out of his chair and lean over the bar in the Essex Market Cours yesterday morning to see the smallest prisoner ever arraigned in that court. The miniature law-breaker was Abraham Lippenan, 4 years old and two feet three and a half inches high, of 29 Hester street. He was charged with burgiary and the larceny of \$2 worth of fruit from the grocery of Hyman Sklanberg, at 14 Norfolk street. He was assisted in the job by his eightyear-old brother Joseph, who was also a prisoner. A third young culprit got away.
Policeman Daniel J. Hogan of the Delancey
street station was patrolling his post at about 6
o'clock jesterday morning when a man ran up
to him and said that burgiars had broken into
Skianberg's store. The policeman was astounded to discover a little tot like the Lippman baby
crawling through a hole in the cellar door with
his arms full of baskets of figs and dates. In his
pockets were several apricots. Hogan grabbed
the small burgiar, and two flarger boys campered away. One of them, the elder Lippman,
was captured.
At the police station Sergeant Cottrell questioned the boys to find out whether they had
been sent out by their parents to steal. The
larger boy whimpered and sniffled, but the
sturdy four-year-old simply laughed and refused to answer. The father of the boys is a
fish peddier. He said that he had always done
his best to live honcetly and so bring up his
children. He admitted, however, that Abraham had tapped a till in Norfolk street a day or
two ago.

In court the prisoners were placed in the
charge of the Gerry society pending examination on Tuesday.

COMPANY A FAILED TO ELECT. A Candidate for Lieutenant Put Up Against the Captain's Choice.

The result of the election foa Second Lieuten ant in Company A of the Seventy-first Regi-ment on Friday night was a surprise. The men in the company did not learn that there was to be an election until last week, and they felt that be an election until last week, and they felt that
they had been snubbed. No nominating committee had put any candidates in the field, but
it was generally understood that Lieut. Edward
Blair Bruch would be elected. Some men in
the company, who thought Lieut. Bruch's candidacy was being unduly pushed by Capt. Whittie, quietly went to work to beat him.

They took as their candidate Second Lieut.
Heirdsman of Company C, but did not inform
Lieut. Heirdsman of their intent to run him as
a candidate. Sixteen votes were cast for Heirds. a candidate. Sixteen votes were cast for Heirds-man and fifteen for Bruch, and there was one one blank. It was decided that no one had been elected.

WANTED A NICE FUNERAL.

Mrs. Maynard Tried to Commit Suicide and Left Burial Instructions. IONIA, Mich., Sept. 22.-Mrs. E. A. Maynard of Grand Rapids came to this city last night and registered at the Balley House. She was found unconscious later with a bottle of chloroform at

her nose. She was revived.
She had written a letter to her husband as Grand Rapids. She said she wanted a nice Grand Rapids. She said she wanted a nice casket, a fine robe and hearse, and some flowers in the shape of a star. She named the hymns to be song at the funeral, which was to have been held on Sunday morning at Orleans Center, N. Y. She left \$100 for expenses. It is said the woman had separated from her husband, and came here expecting a reconciliation. The counie went together to Grand Rapids, but failed to agree. She then returned to this city and attempted to end her life.

An Old Actress in Trouble Kate Singleton, 60 years old, and Ada Baboock, 21, both of 2 Grove street, were arraigned yesterday morning in the Jefferson Market Poyesterday morning in the Jefferson Market Po-lice Court by the police of the Charles street station, charged with keeping disorderly apart-ments. Policeman Michaels swore that he was sure of what went on during two visits he re-cently paid to the house. The women were held for trial.

Mrs. Singleton says that she is a well-known actress and is supported by the Actors' Fund. At one time she was in Palmer's stock company, Yesterday morning she sent a note to Mr. Pal-mer, and he sent John Matthews down to the court to investigate.

President Bates Inauguented.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 22.—The inauguration of George C. Chase as President of Bates Colof George C. Chase as President of Bates Col-lege took place to-day in the college chapel. The exercises were opened by prayer by the Rev. C. F. Penney, D. D., which was followed by an address by the retiring President, the Rev. O. B. Cheney, who gave a history of the insti-tution. Congressman Dingley spoke in behelf of the corporation and preseconted to Praintens Chase the keys surrendered by Dr. Chemey, thus investing him with the authority and honors of the Presidency of the college. Then followed the address by President Chase on the general ori-gin of the higher institutions of learning.

Mrs. J. K. Emmet's Suit for Bivorce. Judge Lawrence of the Supreme Court has appointed Gilbert M. Speir referee to hear the issues involved in the suit broughtby Dalay Way Esues involved in the suit broughthy Daisy Way Emmet for an absolute divorce from her hashand, Joseph K. Emmet, the sector. Mrs. Emmet names her husband's leading lady, Emily Lytton, as co-respondent. He denies the charges, She is receiving \$40 a week alimony pending the termination of the action. Mrs. Emmet has an action pending in the Surrogate's Court for the recovery of one-half of the estate of her father-in-law, the cider Emmet, which she declares he husband has not accounted for. Under the will of her father-in-law she is entitled to one-half of his satate.

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